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Subject: pubmed alerter

Posted by [tristan](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:05:29 GMT

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übrigens sehr zu empfehlen wenn man nicht alle suchen manuell machen möchte... hab mir bisher immer ne mail schicken lassen von versch journals oder datenbanken wenn neue artikel rauskamen, aber hier das ist praktischer und gezielter...

<http://biomail.sourceforge.net/biomail/>

ein beispiel für stichwortsuche:

alopecia OR "androgenic alopecia" OR "hair loss" OR "male pattern baldness" OR finasteride OR dutasteride OR "5-alpha-reductase" OR dihydrotestosterone OR DHT OR hyperandrogenism

oder auch

skin AND (ACTH OR DHEA OR CRH OR "5-alpha-reductase" OR dihydrotestosterone OR DHT OR...)

funktioniert auch für autoren...

Zouboulis CC [au] OR ...

usw...

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter

Posted by [yellow](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:22:53 GMT

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter

Posted by [yellow](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:25:03 GMT

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Und was ist der Unterschied zu My NCBI?

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter

Posted by [tristan](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:38:52 GMT

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yellow schrieb am Sam, 05 Mai 2007 15:25Und was ist der Unterschied zu My NCBI?

als ich das ausprobiert hatte gab es immer pro artikel oder so ne mail, weiß nicht wie es jetzt ist, aber bei dem biomail zeug bekommst du alles in einer mail, dann kannst du ankreuzen und alle abstracts auf einer seite importieren.

geht das auch mit My NCBI ? dann probier ich das vielleicht da nochmal...

#### File Attachments

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1) [biom.jpg](#), downloaded 80 times

# BioMail: Abstracts

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1:

[Cushing-Syndrom durch ACTH-exprimierendes neuroendokrines Pankreaskarzinom mit Lebermetastasen.]  
Dtsch Med Wochenschr. 2007 May;132(19):1053-1054.

[Palmer G, Talabot-Ayer D, Kaya G, Gabay C](#)

2:

Type I IL-1 Receptor Mediates IL-1 and Intracellular IL-1 Receptor Antagonist Effects in Skin Inflammation.  
J Invest Dermatol. 2007 May 3;.

The IL-1 system plays a key role in skin physiology and pathology. In this study, we used mutant mice lacking the type I IL-1 receptor (IL-1RI), lacking IL-1 receptor antagonist (IL-1RA), or overexpressing the human intracellular (ic) IL-1RA1 isoform, as well as combinations thereof to determine the role of the IL-1 system in phorbol 13-myristate 12-acetate (PMA)-induced skin inflammation. In wild-type (WT) mice, PMA application induced epidermal thickening and dermal inflammation. Skin IL-1alpha production and circulating levels of the acute-phase protein serum amyloid A (SAA) were elevated. In mice lacking IL-1RI or overexpressing icIL-1RA1, PMA induced similar epidermal thickening as in WT mice, but dermal inflammation was partially prevented. Skin IL-1alpha mRNA expression was similar in PMA-treated IL-1RI-/- and WT mice, whereas the serum SAA was suppressed in IL-1RI-/- mice. Interestingly, PMA-induced IL-1alpha mRNA expression was further enhanced by icIL-1RA1 overexpression in an IL-1RI-dependent manner. Finally, IL-1RA-/- mice spontaneously displayed skin lesions characterized by high IL-1alpha expression. In conclusion, PMA-induced epidermal thickening and skin IL-1alpha expression were independent of IL-1 signaling, in contrast to dermal inflammation and systemic inflammatory response. *Journal of Investigative Dermatology* advance online publication, 12 May 2007; doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700803.

[Naessen S, Carlstrom K, Bystrom B, Pierre Y, Linden Hirschberg A](#)

3:

Effects of an antiandrogenic oral contraceptive on appetite and eating behavior in bulimic women.  
Psychoneuroendocrinology. 2007 Apr 30;.

High androgen levels in women with bulimia nervosa may promote bulimic behavior. The aim of the present study was to investigate the effects of an antiandrogenic oral contraceptive (OC) on appetite and eating behavior in women with bulimia nervosa compared to healthy controls. Twenty women with bulimia nervosa and 17 healthy controls matched for age and body mass index participated in the study. Basal and meal-related levels of the satiety peptide cholecystokinin (CCK) and the appetite-stimulating peptide ghrelin were studied before and after 3 months of treatment with an antiandrogenic OC (30 microg ethinyl estradiol combined with 3 mg drospirenone). Bulimic behavior was evaluated in relation to changes in hormone levels. Before treatment, bulimic women had higher frequency of menstrual disturbances, acne and hirsutism and higher levels of testosterone but lower meal-related CCK secretion than controls. OC treatment reduced meal-related hunger and gastric distention in bulimic women. CCK secretion in response to the meal was unchanged in bulimic women but decreased in the controls. Ghrelin secretion was comparable between groups and did not change in response to OC treatment. The treatment improved bulimic behavior in relation to a decline in testosterone levels in the entire group. Our results support the suggestion that androgens play a role in bulimic behavior. Treatment with an antiandrogenic OC may serve as a new strategy for treatment of bulimia nervosa and particularly in those patients with hyperandrogenic symptoms.

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter

Posted by [yellow](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:43:30 GMT

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Das geht. Du kannst einstellen, wie häufig du eine Email bekommen willst, darin sind dann alle neuen Artikel seit der letzten Email aufgelistet.

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter

Posted by [tristan](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:52:34 GMT

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yellow schrieb am Sam, 05 Mai 2007 15:43Das geht. Du kannst einstellen, wie häufig du eine Email bekommen willst, darin sind dann alle neuen Artikel seit der letzten Email aufgelistet.

hat man dann nur die kopfzeilen und muss jeden artikel in nem browserfenster öffnen oder bekommt man auch irgendwie die abstracts dass alles auf einer seite ist?

lg

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter  
Posted by [yellow](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 13:57:54 GMT  
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Standardformat ist nur die Kopfzeile, kann man aber auch ändern und inkl. Abstracts zusenden lassen.

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Subject: Re: pubmed alerter  
Posted by [tristan](#) on Sat, 05 May 2007 14:02:22 GMT  
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yellow schrieb am Sam, 05 Mai 2007 15:57Standardformat ist nur die Kopfzeile, kann man aber auch ändern und inkl. Abstracts zusenden lassen.

ah so, cool. einziger nachteil den ich da sehe wäre dass man dann auch abstracts bekommt die man eigentlich nicht möchte, bei dem biomail kann man die kopfzeilen ankreuzen und dann die abstracts sich anzeigen lassen.

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